

## অনুশীলনী-৮

### মূল নিয়মে অন্তরক সহগ (Differential Co-efficient from first Principle)

আমরা জানি,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$

### অতিসংক্ষিপ্ত প্রশ্নঃ

১. মূল নিয়মে অন্তরক সহগের সূত্রটি লিখ।

উত্তরঃ মূল নিয়মে অন্তরক সহগের সূত্রটি,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  (Ans)

### সংক্ষিপ্ত প্রশ্নঃ

### সূত্রাবলীঃ

আমরা জানি,  $e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty$

আবার,  $\log(1+x) = \frac{x}{1} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots \dots \dots \infty$

১.মূল নিয়মে  $e^x$  এর অন্তরক সহগ /  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  নির্ণয় কর।

সমাধানঃ ধরি,  $y = f(x) = e^x \quad \therefore f(x+h) = e^{x+h}$

আমরা জানি,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{x+h}-e^x}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x \cdot e^h - e^x}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^h - 1}{h} = e^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h}(e^h - 1)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left\{ \left( 1 + \frac{h}{1!} + \frac{h^2}{2!} + \frac{h^3}{3!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right) - 1 \right\}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left( \frac{h}{1!} + \frac{h^2}{2!} + \frac{h^3}{3!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{h}{2!} + \frac{h^2}{3!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right) = e^x(0 + 0 + 0) = e^x \quad (\mathbf{Ans})$$

২.মূল নিয়মে  $\log_a x$  এর অন্তরক সহগ /  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  নির্ণয় কর।

সমাধানঃ ধরি,  $y = f(x) = \log_a x = \log_a e \cdot \log_e x \quad \therefore f(x+h) = \log_a e \cdot \log_e(x+h)$

$$\text{আমরা জানি, } \frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx} (\log_a x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_a e \cdot \log_e(x+h) - \log_a e \cdot \log_e x}{h} = \log_a e \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_e(x+h) - \log_e x}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx} (\log_a x) = \log_a e \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \cdot \log \left( \frac{x+h}{x} \right) = \log_a e \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \cdot \log \left( 1 + \frac{h}{x} \right)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx} (\log_a x) = \log_a e \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left( \frac{h}{x} - \frac{h^2}{2x^2} + \frac{h^3}{3x^3} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx} (\log_a x) = \log_a e \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{h}{2x^2} + \frac{h^2}{3x^3} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right) = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \log_a e \text{ (Ans)}$$

৩.মূল নিয়মে  $a^x$  এর অন্তরক সহগ /  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  নির্ণয় কর।

সমাধানঃ ধরি,  $y = f(x) = a^x \therefore f(x+h) = a^{x+h} = a^x \cdot a^h$

আমরা জানি,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x \cdot a^h - a^x}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^h - 1}{h} = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h}(a^h - 1) = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h}(e^{\log a^h} - 1)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h}(e^{h \log a} - 1)$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left\{ \left( 1 + \frac{h \log a}{1!} + \frac{(h \log a)^2}{2!} + \frac{(h \log a)^3}{3!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right) - 1 \right\}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\log a}{1!} + \frac{h(\log a)^2}{2!} + \frac{h^2(\log a)^3}{3!} + \dots \dots \dots \infty \right) = a^x \cdot \log a \text{ (Ans)}$$

৪.মূল নিয়মে  $\sqrt{x}$  এর অন্তরক সহগ /  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  নির্ণয় কর।

সমাধানঃ ধরি,  $y = f(x) = \sqrt{x} \quad \therefore f(x+h) = \sqrt{x+h}$

আমরা জানি,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h}-\sqrt{x}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{x+h}-\sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x})}{h(\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+h-x}{h(\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x+0}+\sqrt{x})} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \text{ (Ans)}$$

৫.মূল নিয়মে  $\text{Sin}x$  এর অন্তরক সহগ /  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  নির্ণয় কর।

সমাধানঃ ধরি,  $y = f(x) = \text{Sin}x \quad \therefore f(x+h) = \text{Sin}(x+h)$

$$\text{আমরা জানি, } \frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\text{Sin}x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Sin}(x+h)-\text{Sin}x}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\text{Sin}x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\text{Cos}\left(\frac{x+h+x}{2}\right)\text{Sin}\left(\frac{x+h-x}{2}\right)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2\text{Cos}\left(x + \frac{h}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{\text{Sin}\frac{h}{2}}{h}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\text{Sin}x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \text{Cos}\left(x + \frac{h}{2}\right) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Sin}\frac{h}{2}}{\frac{h}{2}}$$

$$\text{বা, } \frac{d}{dx}(\text{Sin}x) = \text{Cos}\left(x + \frac{0}{2}\right) \cdot 1 = \text{Cos}x \text{ (Ans)}$$